Chapter 20.50

DEFINITIONS

Sections:

20.50.010 Definitions.
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Section 20.50.010 Definitions.
For the purposes of this Title, these terms are defined as follows:

A. "Alteration" means any change, modification, or demolition, through public or private action, to the character-defining or significant physical features of properties affected by this Title. In the case of Cultural Resources that are buildings or structures, "alteration" shall include changes to the exterior unless otherwise designated per the designating resolution or per the requirements of the Secretary of Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties. Such changes may be: changes to, or modifications of, structural or architectural details, or visual characteristics; grading; surface paving; the addition of new structures; the cutting or removal of designated trees, landscapes or other natural features; the disturbance of archaeological sites or areas; or the placement or removal of any significant objects such as signs, plaques, light fixtures, street furniture, walls, fences, steps, plantings, or landscape accessories affecting the significant visual and/or historical qualities of the Cultural Resource.

B. "Board" means the Cultural Heritage Board.

C. "Certificate of Appropriateness" means a certificate, issued by the Board or Historic Preservation Officer or Qualified Designee that approves plans, specifications, or statements of work for any proposed alteration, removal, relocation or demolition of any Cultural Resource.

D. "Certified Local Government ('CLG')" means a local government certified under federal law by the California State Office of Historic Preservation for the purpose of more direct participation in federal and State historic preservation programs.

E. "Character Defining Features" means the following natural or manmade elements of a Cultural Resource: design general arrangement or components of an improvement, such as site placement, height, scale, and setback; the type, color, and texture of the building materials; construction method; the type and style of windows, doors, lights, signs, and other fixtures. Character Defining Features of buildings or structures are generally external.

F. "Contributing Feature" to a Historic District, Neighborhood Conservation Area, or individually significant property means a site, improvement, or natural feature that provides appropriate historic context, historic architecture, historic association or historic value, or is capable of yielding important information about the period. Examples of Contributing Features include, but are not limited to: streets, curbs, sidewalks, streetlights, street furniture, signs, landscaping, monuments, and works of art, gutters, setbacks, signage, parkway, alleys, walls, fencing, and gates. Contributing Features in Historic Districts, Neighborhood Conservation areas, or individually significant properties are subject to the Certificate of Appropriateness process.
G. “Contributor” to either a Historic District or a Neighborhood Conservation Area means a building structure within a Historic District or Neighborhood Conservation Area that provides appropriate historic context, historic architecture, historic association or historic value, or is capable of yielding important information about the period. Contributors in Historic Districts and Neighborhood Conservation areas are subject to the Certificate of Appropriateness Process.

H. “Cultural Landscape” means a geographic area, including both cultural and natural resources and the wildlife or domestic animals therein, associated with a historic event, activity, or person or exhibiting other cultural or aesthetic values.

I. "Cultural Resource" means improvements, natural features, sites, Cultural Landscapes, or other objects, which may reasonably be of scientific, aesthetic, educational, cultural, architectural, social, political, military, historical or archaeological significance. This includes Designated Cultural Resources, Eligible Cultural Resources, and Contributing Features to Historic Districts and Neighborhood Conservation Areas.

J. “Cultural Resources Overlay Zone” means a zoning category applied to a Historic District to notify the owner and the public. Upon adoption of a historic district resolution by the City Council, the Planning Division shall initiate a rezoning case to apply the CR-Cultural resources overlay zone to the properties within the district. This process shall follow the requirements outlined in Title 19.

K. “Cultural Resources Survey” means a project that surveys and identifies properties within the City according to the standards set forth in National Register Bulletin #24. Completed surveys shall have findings adopted by City Council, as a consent or discussion item.

L. "Design Guidelines" means the document approved by the Board which illustrates appropriate and inappropriate methods of alteration and construction. The purpose of design guidelines is to promote appropriate design and decision-making and to preserve the integrity and Character Defining Features of Cultural Resources. The Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties shall serve as design guidelines where there exist no other established design guidelines.

M. "Designated Cultural Resource" means any cultural resource that has been designated a City Landmark, Structure or Resource of Merit, Historic District, or Neighborhood Conservation Area (prior to 2006); County Landmark, County Historic Preservation District, a California Point of Historical Interest or Historical Landmark; a National Heritage Landmark; or is listed in the National Register of Historic Places or the California Register of Historical Resources.

N. “Eligible Cultural Resource” means a cultural resource or historic district which has been determined by the Historic Preservation Officer or Qualified Designee, Board, or City Council to meet the City’s designation criteria pursuant to a survey prepared by a professional meeting the Secretary of the Interior's standards which either documents the resource, records the resource on the State Department of Parks and Recreation survey forms, or has been so designated by the California State Historic Preservation Officer.

O. “Historic District” means an area which contains:
1. a concentration, linkage, or continuity of cultural resources, where at least fifty percent of the structures or elements retain significant historic integrity, (a "geographic Historic District") or

2. a thematically-related grouping of cultural resources which contribute to each other and are unified aesthetically by plan or physical development, and which have been designated or determined eligible for designation as a historic district by the Historic Preservation Officer or Qualified Designee, Board, or City Council or is listed in the National Register of Historic Places or the California Register of Historical Resources, or is a California Historical Landmark or a California Point of Historical Interest (a "thematic Historic District").

In addition to either 1 or 2 above, the area also:

3. Exemplifies or reflects special elements of the City's cultural, social, economic, political, aesthetic, engineering, architectural, or natural history;

4. Is identified with persons or events significant in local, State, or national history;

5. Embodies distinctive characteristics of a style, type, period, or method of construction, or is a valuable example of the use of indigenous materials or craftsmanship;

6. Represents the work of notable builders, designers, or architects;

7. Embodies a collection of elements of architectural design, detail, materials or craftsmanship that represent a significant structural or architectural achievement or innovation;

8. Reflects significant geographical patterns, including those associated with different eras of settlement and growth, particular transportation modes, or distinctive examples of park or community planning;

9. Conveys a sense of historic and architectural cohesiveness through its design, setting, materials, workmanship or association; or

10. Has yielded or may be likely to yield, information important in history or prehistory.

P. "Historic Preservation Officer" is the person selected by the Community Development Director for the City of Riverside and appointed by the City Manager to administer the Cultural Resources program, including professional support to the Board, management of both the Board’s Certificate of Appropriateness process, and execution of the Administrative Certificate of Appropriateness process. The Historic Preservation Officer shall meet the requirements of the Department of the Interior, National Park Service as set forth in appendix A to Title 36, Part 61 (Professional Qualification Standards).

Q. "Improvement" means any building, structure, fence, gate, wall, landscaping, planted tree, work of art, or other man-made physical feature of real property, or any part of such feature which is not a Natural Feature.
R. “In-kind Replacement” means to match the old in material, design, color, and texture, when sufficient information is known about the original to be replaced. Refer to the Secretary of Interior Standards for Historic Properties for more specific information on in-kind replacement as applies to the appropriate level of treatment (i.e.: preservation, rehabilitation, restoration, or reconstruction). If sufficient information is not known about the original to be replaced, in-kind replacement is not possible.

S. “Integrity” means the ability of a cultural resource to convey its significance. To retain integrity a cultural resource must retain most of the aspects that closely relate to the resource’s significance including location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association.

T. “Land Use Committee” means the Utility Services, Land Use and Energy Development Committee.

U. “Landmark” means any Improvement or Natural Feature that is an exceptional example of a historical, archaeological, cultural, architectural, community, aesthetic or artistic heritage of the City, retains a high degree of integrity, and meets one or more of the following criteria:

1. Exemplifies or reflects special elements of the City's cultural, social, economic, political, aesthetic, engineering, architectural, or natural history;

2. Is identified with persons or events significant in local, state or national history;

3. Embodies distinctive characteristics of a style, type, period or method of construction, or is a valuable example of the use of indigenous materials or craftsmanship;

4. Represents the work of a notable builder, designer, or architect, or important creative individual;

5. Embodies elements that possess high artistic values or represents a significant structural or architectural achievement or innovation;

6. Reflects significant geographical patterns, including those associated with different eras of settlement and growth, particular transportation modes, or distinctive examples of park or community planning, or cultural landscape;

7. Is one of the last remaining examples in the City, region, State, or nation possessing distinguishing characteristics of an architectural or historical type or specimen; or

8. Has yielded or may be likely to yield, information important in history or prehistory.

An Improvement or Natural Feature meeting one or more of the above criteria, yet not having the high degree of integrity to qualify as a Landmark, may qualify as a Structure or Resource of Merit (see subsection EE, below).

An Improvement or Natural Feature meeting one or more of the above criteria, yet not formally designated as a Landmark by the City Council, may be an eligible Landmark.
V. “Moratorium” means a suspension of an ongoing or planned development activity or permits.

W. “Natural Feature” means any naturally-occurring tree, plant life, habitat, geographical or geological site or feature, but does not include Improvements.

X. “Neighborhood Conservation Area” means an area that:

1. Provides a contextual understanding of the broader patterns of Riverside's cultural, social, economic, political, aesthetic, engineering, architectural, or natural history;

2. Represents established and familiar visual features of a neighborhood, community, or of the City;

3. Reflects significant development or geographical patterns, including those associated with different eras of settlement and growth; or

4. Conveys a sense of historic or architectural cohesiveness through its design, setting, materials, workmanship or association.

Designation of Neighborhood Conservation Areas is no longer allowed. Those designated prior to May 2006 shall remain in effect and subject to this Title, and may be modified or dedesignated.

Y. “Non-contributing Feature” of a Historic District, Neighborhood Conservation Area, or individually significant property means a site, improvement, or natural feature within a Historic District or Neighborhood Conservation Area that does not provide appropriate historic context, historic architecture, historic association or historic value, or is not capable of yielding important information about the period, because that element:

1. Was not present during the district's or area's period of historic significance; or

2. No longer possesses integrity due to alterations, disturbances, additions, or other changes; and

3. Does not independently meet the designation criteria as defined in this Title.

Non-contributing Features in Historic Districts and individually significant properties are subject to the Certificate of Appropriateness requirements; however, the principles, issues and standards are different than for Contributing features. Non-contributing features in Neighborhood Conservation Areas are not subject to the Certificate of Appropriateness requirements.

Z. “Non-contributor” to either a Historic District or a Neighborhood Conservation Area means a building structure within a Historic District or Neighborhood Conservation Area that does not provide appropriate historic context, historic architecture, historic association or historic value, or is not capable of yielding important information about the period, because that building structure:

1. Was not present during the district's or area's period of historic significance; or
2. No longer possesses integrity due to alterations, disturbances, additions, or other changes; and

3. Does not independently meet the designation criteria as defined in this Title.

Non-contributors in Historic Districts are subject to the Certificate of Appropriateness requirements; however, the principles, issues and standards are different than for Contributors. Non-contributors in Neighborhood Conservation Areas are not subject to the Certificate of Appropriateness requirements.

AA. “Person” means any natural person, property owner, or occupant; association, company, corporation or other legal entity; local, city, county, or federal agency.

BB. "Preservation" means the identification, study, protection, restoration, rehabilitation, and/or acquisition of cultural resources.

CC. “Qualified Designee” means the person(s) designated by the Historic Preservation Officer who meets the requirements of the Department of the Interior, National Park Service as set forth in Appendix A to Title 36, Part 61 (Professional Qualification Standards).

DD. “Resource of Merit” see “Structure or Resource of Merit,” below.

EE. “Secretary of Interior’s Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties” means the guidelines prepared by the National Park Service for Preserving, Rehabilitating, Restoring, and Reconstructing Historic Buildings and the standards for historic preservation projects prepared by the National Park Service with the most current Guidelines for Applying the Standards.

FF. “Structure or Resource of Merit” means any Improvement or Natural Feature which contributes to the broader understanding of the historical, archaeological, cultural, architectural, community, aesthetic or artistic heritage of the City, retains sufficient integrity, and:

1. Has a unique location or singular physical characteristics or is a view or vista representing an established and familiar visual feature of a neighborhood community or of the City

2. Is an example of a type of building which was once common but is now rare in its neighborhood, community or area;

3. Is connected with a business or use which was once common but is now rare;

4. A Cultural Resource that could be eligible under Landmark Criteria no longer exhibiting a high level of integrity, however, retaining sufficient integrity to convey significance under one or more of the Landmark Criteria;

5. Has yielded or may be likely to yield, information important in history or prehistory; or

6. An improvement or resource that no longer exhibits the high degree of integrity
sufficient for Landmark designation, yet still retains sufficient integrity under one or more of the Landmark criteria to convey cultural resource significance as a Structure or Resource of Merit. (Ord. 7248 §5, 2014; Ord. 7206 §24, 2013; Ord. 7108 §1, 2010)

Section 20.50.020 Interpretation.
The Historic Preservation Officer or Qualified Designee has the discretion to interpret the above terms, in addition to any other term in applying this Title. In applying this Title, the Historic Preservation Officer or Qualified Designee may, in its discretion, request from the Board a definition, interpretation, or an opinion regarding any defined term, or any other term. (Ord. 7206 §25, 2013; Ord. 7108 §1, 2010)