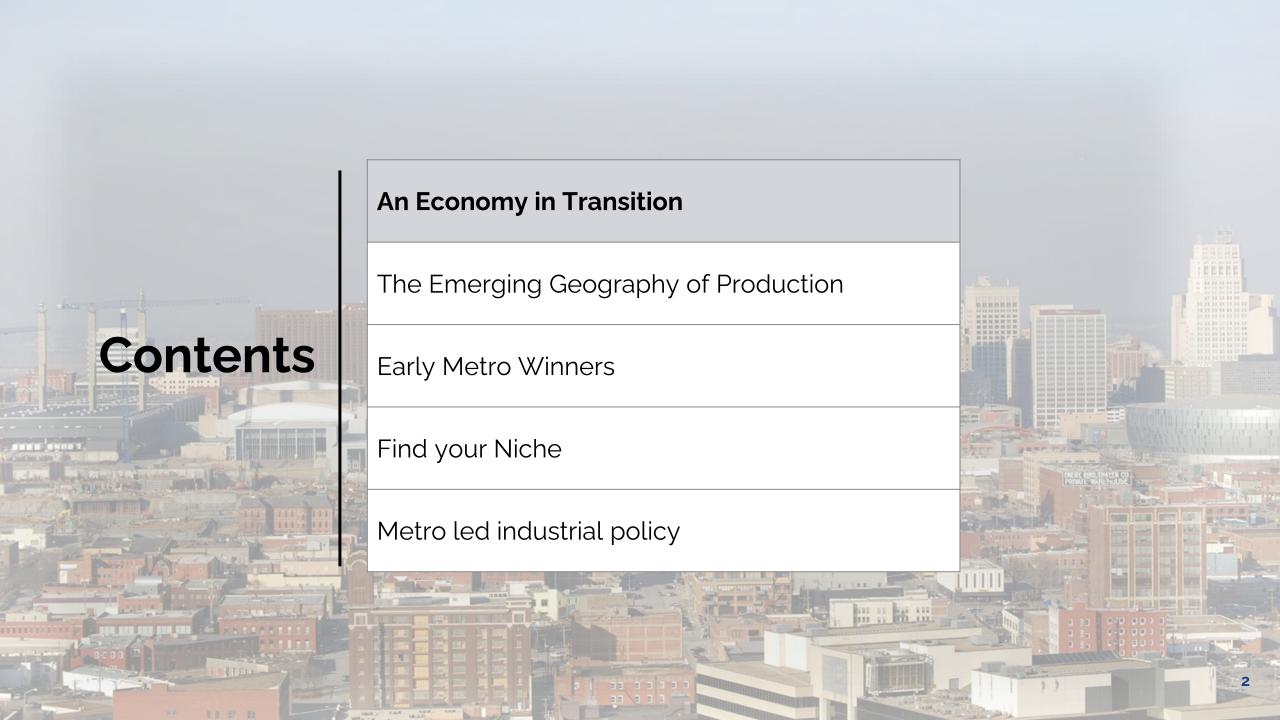
# How Cities Navigate the New Economic Order

Bruce Katz, Founder, New Localism Associates Accelerator for America, Riverside California January 08, 2024



### Mega forces are creating a new economic order

#### **Catalysts for** Disruptive Mega **New Economic** change Forces Order Prompt a review of U.S. Wars in Ukraine & Accelerated technology adoption Remilitarization Israel/Gaza defense Renewed importance of Rising tensions with China domestic manufacturing Reshoring Exposed vulnerability of Covid-19 supply chains Commitment to decarbonize **Decarbonization** The climate crisis the economy

# New economic order has been catalyzed by unprecedented federal spending rooted in modern supply side economics

"I will use the term 'modern supply side economics' to describe the Biden Administration's economic growth strategy, and I'll contrast it with Keynesian and traditional supply-side approaches.

Modern supply side economics, in contrast, prioritizes labor supply, human capital, public infrastructure, R&D, and investments in a sustainable environment. These focus areas are all aimed at increasing economic growth and addressing longer-term structural problems, particularly inequality."

Janet L Yellen, World Economic Forum, Jan 21, 2022



To seize this opportunity is crucial to

break away

from the

crowd and

embrace a programmatic

assessment

approach.

### On top of federal programs, investments are being driven by a new kind of industrial federalism

New Centers of Excellence



Detroit Center of Innovation,
Michigan Central,
and Wayne
State: \$100M
each to advance
research,
innovation, and
entrepreneurship

Aggressive Manufacturing Incentives



- Intel in Ohio: \$1B+
  incentives for Intel's new
  plant in Licking County
  (job creation tax credit;
  roads, sewage, and water
  projects)
- Micron in New York: \$10B
   Green CHIPS Bill to attract
   big manufacturers to the
   state

Regional Economic Development



- California Economic Resilience Fund: \$500M Community Economic Resilience Fund for regional economic strategies
- Connecticut Innovation Corridor: \$100M for regional economic clusters
- Indiana Regional Economic
   Acceleration & Development
   Initiative: \$500M for regional strategic investments

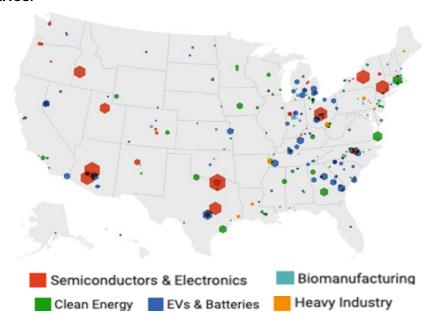
### This economic transition is already sending early market signals

**Opportunities** 

#### A HIGHLY DISTRIBUTED MANUFACTURING BOOM

The boom in **private and public spending is widely spread across regions**, following a decades-long trend of dispersed production in the U.S.

Private investment during current administration in selected industries.



Challenges
INDUSTRIAL SPRAWL

Major facilities receiving public funding in the last two years are emerging in suburban and rural towns.

### **SPATIAL MISMATCH**

Manufacturing jobs disperse away from city centers

#### MINORITY FIRM UNDERREPRESENTATION

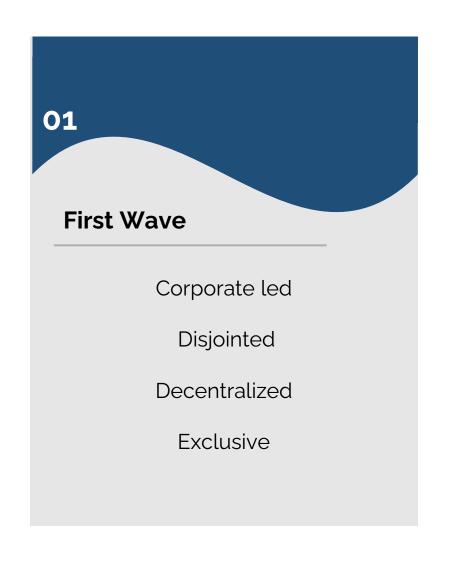
Minority-owned firms' participation in strategic sectors is concerningly low

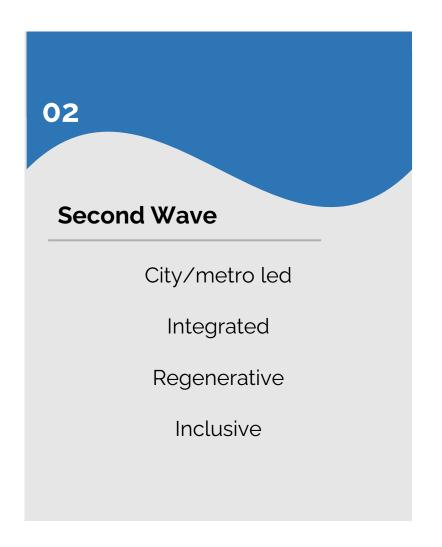
#### SKILLED WORKFORCE SHORTAGE

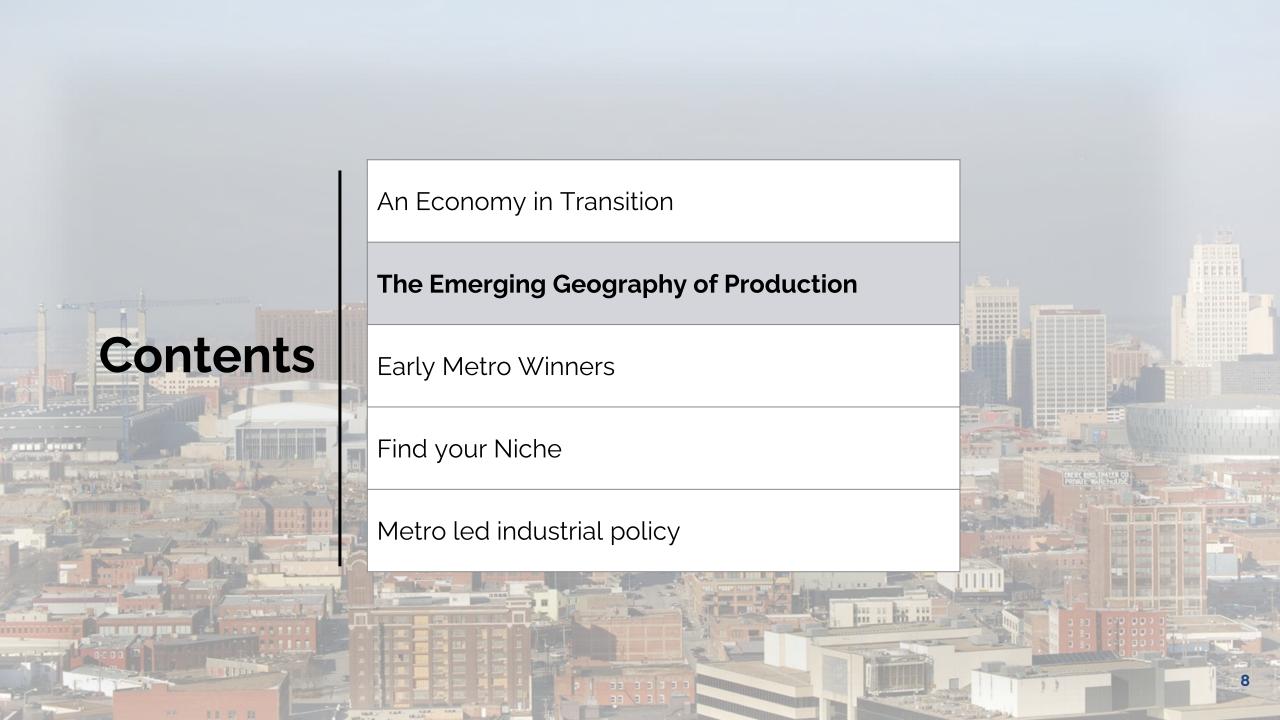
Manufacturers increasingly have difficulty filling middle-skill jobs

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# The first wave of the industrial transition has passed, we need the new wave to work for cities and metros

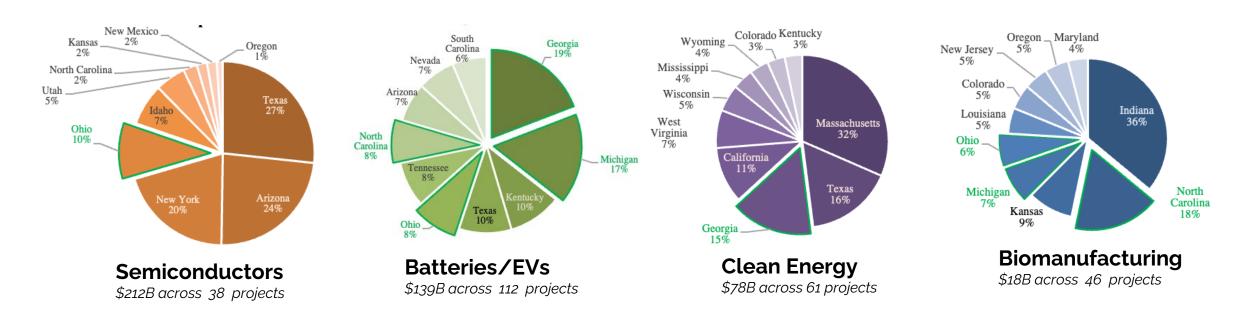






# Private investments in advanced manufacturing are spreading across the nation, revealing early winners

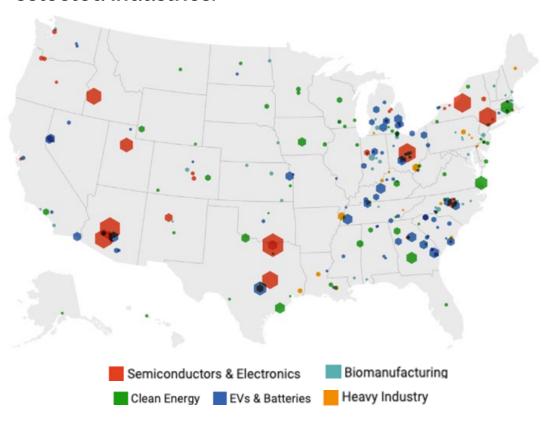
### **Top 10 States: Total Private Investment in Selected Industries**



**Source**: WH map on Invest.gov

# Unsurprisingly, private investments are reinforcing the existing pattern of industrial dispersion across the country

Private investments during current administration in selected industries.



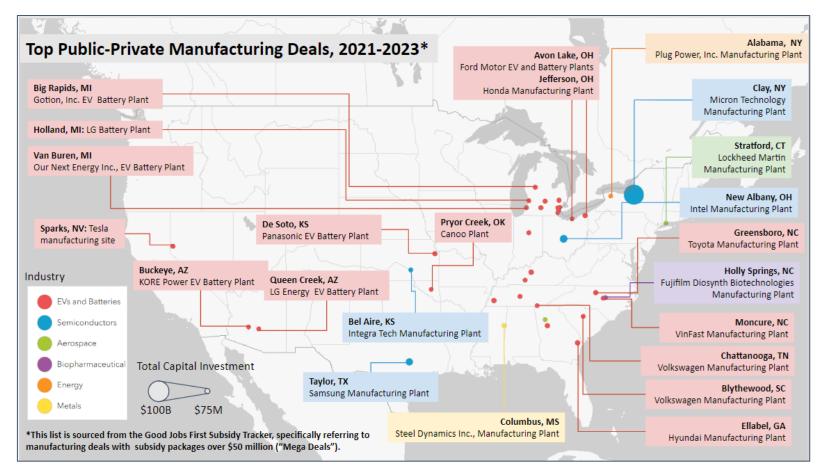
Public investments via IRA and CHIPS have spurred private sector investments of over \$500 billion in hundreds of projects nationwide.

These investments concentrate in industries that will boost U.S. competitiveness, strengthen supply chains, and help build a clean energy economy:

- +\$230B in Semiconductors & Electronics
- +\$130B in EVs & Batteries
- **+\$110B** in Clean Energy
- \$20B in Biomanufacturing

# The manufacturing boom is highly distributed, lending itself to industrial sprawl beyond urban centers

Major facilities receiving public funding in the last two years are emerging in suburban and rural towns. Most of the plants (95%) on this map are *not* within the largest city of their Metropolitan Statistical Area. This leads to facilities being far from suppliers, universities and other anchors

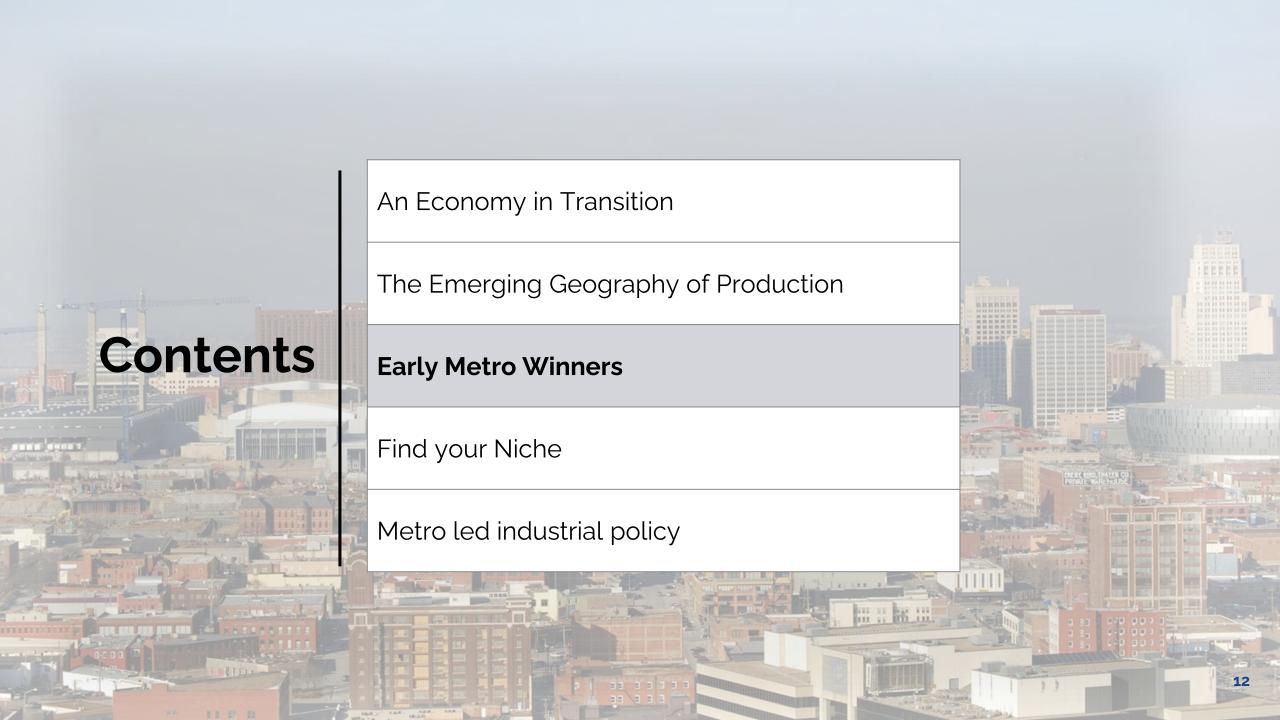


### Industry Sprawl Challenges





Facilities far from universities and other anchor institutions



# While macro forces have profound metro effects, a group of metros are staking a strong position in the changing economy

### Early metro winners:

### These first movers:

- Have their assets directly aligned with shifting market dynamics or
- Are taking deliberate action to do so

### Military Metros



Defense spending is rapidly rising and will disproportionately benefit communities that have distinctive military assets developed over decades if not centuries.

### New Technology Hubs



The reshoring of production is happening fast in advanced industrial sectors that deploy sensitive technologies that the US must dominate for national security purposes.

### Climate First Movers



The energy
transition touches
every aspect of the
modern economy,
driving
transformative
changes in the
nature and location
of economic
activities.

### **Trading Powerhouses**



Geo-political tensions are already altering global supply chains and driving a new intricate web of near shoring and friend shoring.

# While macro forces have profound metro effects, a group of metros are staking a strong position in the changing economy



### **Military Metros**



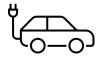
St. Louis stands out as a military metro with Scott Air Force Base, the National Geo-Spatial Intelligence Agency, and Boeing's presence, receiving \$11.4 billion in defense-related spending in FY 2021. St. Louis is actively leveraging its position to enhance regeneration in disadvantaged parts of the core city, drive or apply technological breakthroughs that have tradeable possibilities, and contribute to broader community development.



### **New Technology Hubs**



Metropolitan areas like Columbus
(OH) have successfully attracted
major semiconductor companies and
related supply chain firms.\$20B Intel
Plant in Ohio could become the
world's largest chip plant



### **Climate First Movers**



As part of the Build Back Better Regional Challenge, the Biden administration awarded a \$50 million grant to a **New Orleans-led** initiative to turn south Louisiana into a hub of "green hydrogen" activity. It seeks to bring in historically Black colleges and universities, tribal colleges and universities, and minority serving institutions to spur research for each winning project.



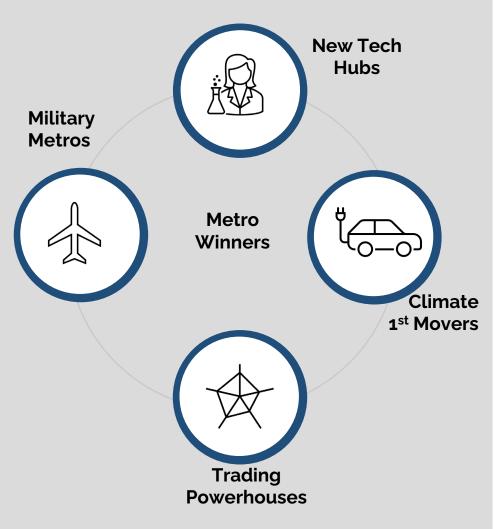
### **Trading Powerhouses**



#### The Borderplex region,

encompassing Juarez, Mexico, El Paso, Texas, and Las Cruces, New Mexico, exemplifies this shift, boasting the fifth-largest manufacturing hub by employment in North America and accounting for 17% of all trade with Mexico. This bi-national metropolis is transitioning from resource extraction to diverse sectors, including food, clothing, electronics, medical equipment, aerospace, and defense production.

### **Common Trends Across Metro Winners**





### Clear sense of economic position

Metro winners conduct a thorough assessment of their local economic environment, encompassing competitive advantages, federal assets, R&D capabilities, infrastructure, industry hubs, supplier networks & workforce development pools



### Strong project-focused collaboration across public, private and civic sectors

Metro winners promote collaborative efforts involving investors, utilities, manufacturers, local and state officials, and philanthropy to attract investment.



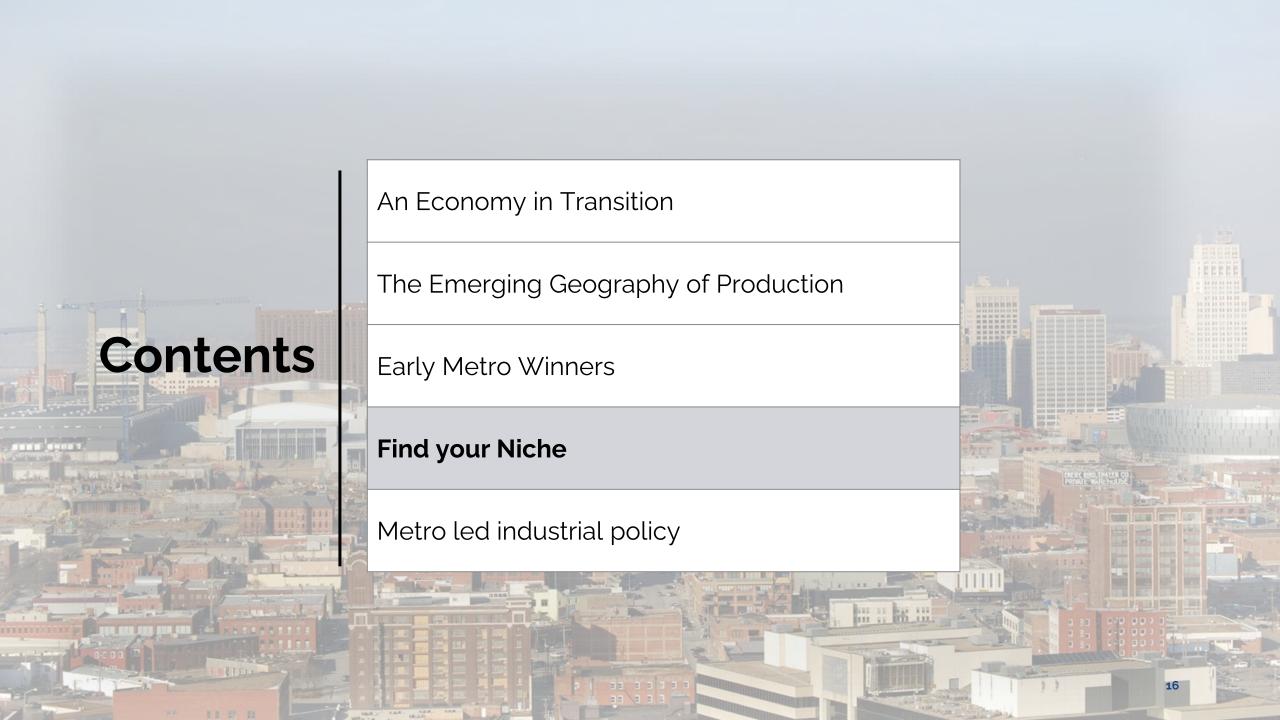
### Well resourced business/civic leadership groups

Metro winners invest in organizations that support their region's transition, emphasizing local projects with significant impact.



#### State engagement and backing

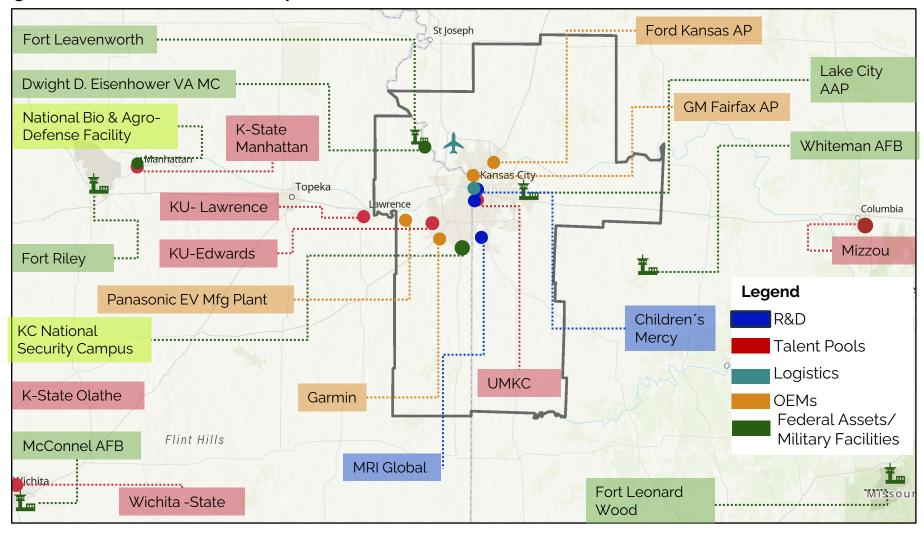
Metro winners benefit from states that support productive projects by offering financial incentives, streamlining regulatory processes, investing in infrastructure, fostering collaboration with diverse stakeholders, and providing access to state-level resources and programs.



Traditional economic development analyses at the metro scale may fall short of capturing the new set of opportunities and challenges that regions are experiencing in the midst of a changing US economy.

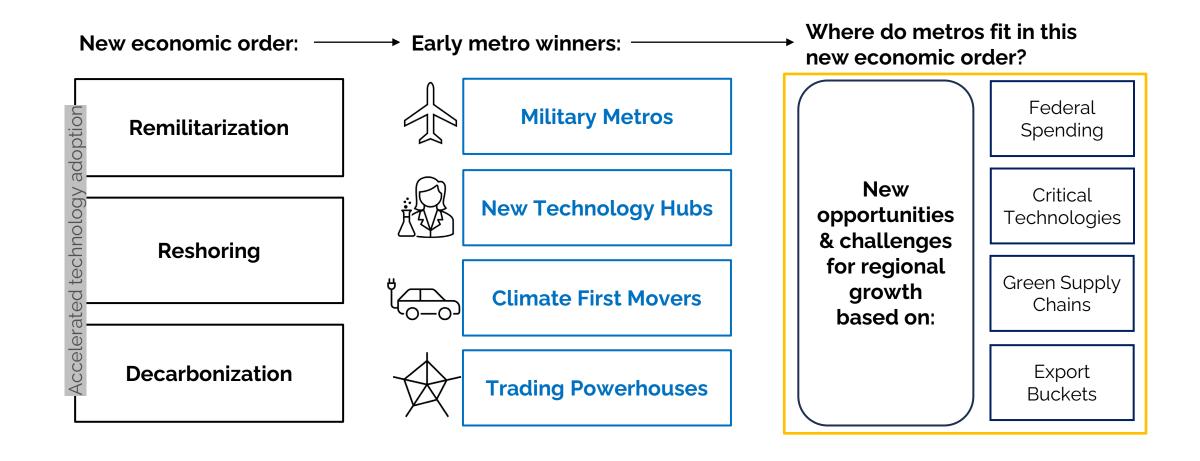
# Certain assets gain renewed importance in this new economic order, forcing us to rethink the region's economic boundaries

Regional assets with renewed importance in the new economic order:



- Metro areas are based on population density and commuting trends.
- Yet the shifting economy is not solely based on commuting patterns.
- The new economic order must reflect the broader geography of industrial ecosystems, supply chains and talent pools.

# We need new diagnostic tools that takes account of new driving forces and local assets that may have been hidden or undervalued by the prior economy



# Federal Spending: New diagnostic tools would show the size and composition of direct federal spending

Example: St Louis has a substantial presence in defense manufacturing

The top 5 vendors make up for 73% (\$4B) of all direct federal spending, with Boeing accounting for 56% (\$3.1B) of this total

### Top 5 vendors with highest direct federal spending in the region (\$M)

	Company	HQ	Total Spending	Industry
	The Boeing Company, Inc.	St. Louis	\$3,117.7 55.7%	Mfg
	Express Scripts Inc.	St. Louis	\$420.4 7.5%	Mfg
X	FedEx	Shelby	\$ 225.3 4.0%	Transp.& Warehousing
T	Patriot Team	Tulsa	\$ 208.8 3.7%	Transp.& Warehousing
	World Wide Technology	St. Louis	\$121.6 2.2%	Mfg

Around \$5.6 billion annually enters the Greater St. Louis region. Missouri prioritizes manufacturing, especially aerospace products due to Boeing's presence, while Illinois specializes in transportation and warehousing, mainly non-scheduled air transportation by FedEx, along with professional services like computer-related and engineering fields.

### **Direct Federal Spending by Region and Sectors (2022)**









_	TOTAL	DoD	Manufacturing	Professional Services	Transportation & Warehousing	Construction
MO+IL	\$17.4B	<b>69.9%</b> \$12.1B	<b>53.13%</b> \$ 9.24B	<b>9.0%</b> \$2.02B	<b>3.85%</b> \$0.66B	<b>6.3%</b> \$ 1.11B
Greater St. Louis	\$5.59B	<b>89.5%</b> \$5.01B	<b>60.38%</b> \$ 3.3B	<b>9.77%</b> \$ 0.54B	<b>9.54%</b> \$0.53B	<b>5.13%</b> \$ 0.44B
STL Missouri Side	\$4.53B	<b>87.9%</b> \$3.99B	<b>72.59%</b> \$3.2B	<b>6.82%</b> \$309.6M	<b>1.95%</b> \$88.46M	<b>2.04%</b> \$92.66M
STL Illinois Side	\$1.06B	<b>96.3%</b> \$1.02B	<b>8.06%</b> \$85.46M	<b>22.37%</b> \$237.1M	<b>42.04%</b> \$445.68M	<b>18.37%</b> \$194.73M

# Critical Technologies: New diagnostic tools would assess the positioning of Kansas City across each critical technology area

Ranking based on 5 metrics across three dimensions: Talent Pool, R&D efforts, and Industry Players.

Kansas City's positioning on the top 10 technologies areas prioritized by the federal government:

### **Stronger positioning**

### **Medium positioning**

### Weaker positioning



**#1** Biotechnology & Medical technology



#2 Advanced manufacturing



#3 Advanced energy efficiency technologies



#4 Artificial intelligence



#5 Data storage, Data mgmt. & Cybersecurity



#6 Quantum information science



**#7** High performance computing



#8 Advanced materials science



**#9 Disaster prevention or mitigation** 



#10 Advanced comms technology

# Green Supply Chains: New diagnostic tools would assess the positioning of Kansas City to innovate and manufacture for the energy transition

Kansas City's positioning on selected green supply chains.

Ranking based on the Location Quotients (5-digit NAICS codes) more closely related to each green supply chain.



### **Medium positioning**

### Weaker positioning



**#1** Grid & Microgrid



**#2** Batteries



#3 Electric vehicle



**#4 Nuclear power** 



#6 EV Charging Infrastructure



**#6 Fuel Cells** 



**#7** Wind energy



**#8** Solar energy



**#9 Semiconductors** 

# Trade & Investment: New diagnostic tools would take account of trends in near shoring, friend shoring and enhanced FDI

#### **Trends**

### 1

#### **Renewed FDI flows**

Increasing FDI is reaching critical supply chains in the US such as semiconductors, batteries, and clean energy.

#### **Early Signals**

- In 2021, FDI in the US reached \$333.6B, the highest in the last 5 years.
- Global FDI flows fell 12% in 2022 to \$1.3T, with an increasing share going to developed countries.

### 2

#### **Reshoring & Nearshoring**

The mandate to foster long-term resilience in critical supply chains, with a focus on semiconductors and defense-related industries.

- ~360,000 manufacturing job announcements in 2022, +53% compared to 2021.
- DoD's FY24 budget request was \$842B, the highest funding in years.

### 3

#### **Climate mandate**

National commitment to lower emissions and decarbonizing the economy. As the energy transition unfolds, the US government is providing strong incentives for domestic production.

 In the last 3 years, private companies have announced \$71B in clean energy manufacturing investments.



#### **Geopolitical Tensions**

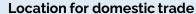
Export restrictions between the US and China reshape global value supply chains, while other countries redefine their role in global trade.

- US exports to China are stagnant since 2017, except for agricultural exports that boomed.
- Mexico has replaced China as America's top trade partner.

#### KC's positioning based on:

#### Location for international trade

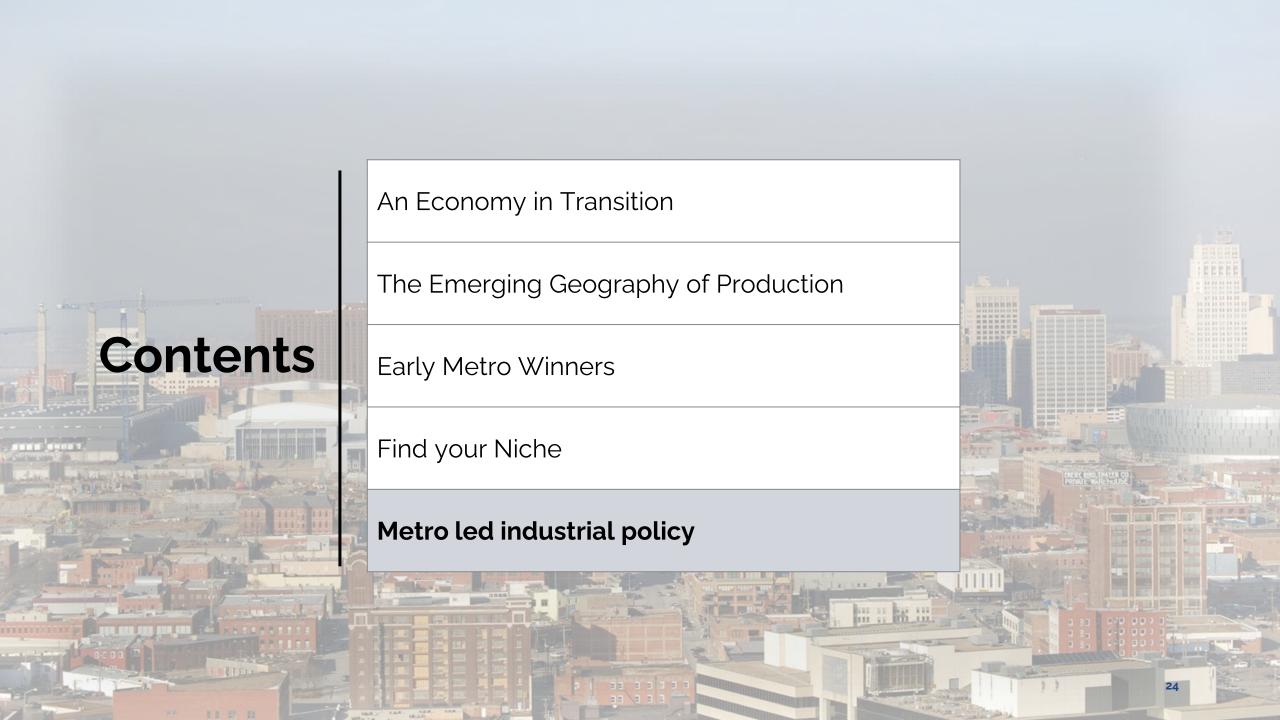
Nearshoring will strengthen trade across the North Triangle. Featuring a central location and easy access to all major modes of transportation, the Kansas City region is a top tier logistics hub.



The reshoring of sensitive technologies and the climate mandate will increase domestic production and strengthen domestic supply chains, impacting metro-to-metro exports.

#### **Export Bucket**

De-risking from China may have limited impacts on KC (KC's exports to China are mostly commodities such as oil seeds and meat fresh and frozen). Reshoring of critical supply chains may renew opportunities for KC to participate in domestic supply chains (batteries, EVs).



### We need to shift from a company-led first wave to a city/metro-led second wave

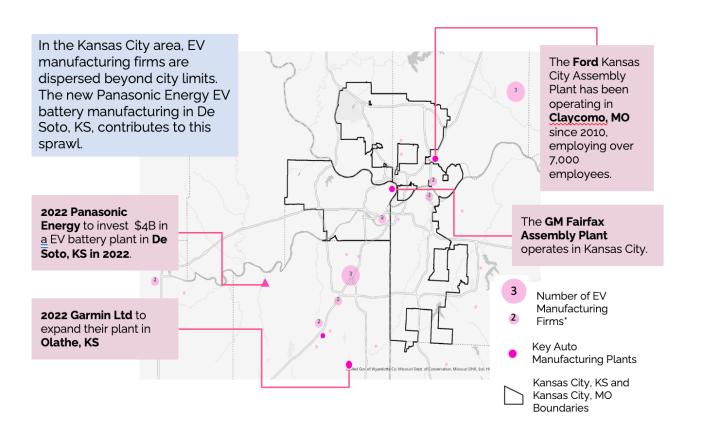
### From company-led first wave

The first wave drew substantial investment to areas with favorable initial conditions, yet it is now posing a series of challenges for cities and metropolitan areas



### To a city/metro led second Wave

Making the Second Wave of the Industrial transition work for cities requires adopting new diagnostic methods, different policies, and alternative governance approaches.



Downtown Militaries	Inclusive Entrepreneurship			
Downtown Anchors	Inclusive Procurement			
Inclusive Manufacturing	Inclusive Workforce			
Inclusive R&D	Networked Governance			
Innovation Capital	Funding Hub			

### A second wave of metro-led industrial policy has early models

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Goal	Leverage defense spending for downtown impact	Expanding talent pools at the core of states	Prepare sites for Mfg	Ensure long- term economic competitiveness	Foster the Inclusion of Small Biz in Innovation	Securing opportunities for small, diverse firms	Coordinating the Procurement Ecosystem for Collaboration	Preparing for the ongoing talent shortage	Organized leadership for talent and industry sector initiatives	Allow municipaliti es to access grantwriters and secure funding
Tool	Downtown Militaries	Downtown Anchors	Inclusive Mfg	Inclusive R&D	Innovative Capital	Inclusive Entrepre.	Inclusive Procureme nt	Inclusive Workforc e	Networked Governance	Funding Hub
Ex.	Infinity Labs in <b>Dayton</b> , <b>OH</b>	UMCI in <b>Detroit, MI</b>	Port Authority Industrial Revitalizati on in Cincinnati, OH	Advanced Mfg Innovation Center in <b>St</b> . <b>Louis, MO</b>	SSBCI in <b>Missouri</b>	Aerospace and Defense Mfg coalition in <b>El Paso, TX</b>	Procurement Innovation Council in <b>El</b> <b>Paso, TX</b>	Intel's Workforce Strategy in <b>Columbus</b> , <b>OH</b>	Central Indiana Corporate Partnership in Indianapolis , IN	Compete RI in <b>Rhode</b> <b>Island</b>

# Thank you!

**How Cities Navigate the New Economic Order** 

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